

E-ARK standardisation for databases

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What is E-ARK?

EC funded E-ARK projects

- 2014 2017: E-ARK
- 2018 2019: E-ARK4ALL
- 2019 2021: E-ARK3

eArchiving Building Block

- EC-owned building block that aims to support interoperability in digital archiving
- E-ARK3 as the current service provider

Digital Information LifeCycle Interoperability Standard (DILCIS) Board

- Maintains specifications developed in E-ARK projects ..
- .. and SIARD





eArchiving

Facilitate the preservation, migration, reuse and trust of your data





E-ARK vision (2014)

Vision: All digital preservation systems receive, store and provide access to information regardless of its size, type or format according to a set of agreed principles which allow systems to identify, verify and validate the information in a uniform way

Goal: Interoperability between data sources, archives and reuse environments is improved to a point where digital preservation tools can be reused across borders and institutions





E-ARK and databases

The idea of E-ARK was first developed among national archives

Focus still remains on 'records' in public sector and business

- Content in relational databases
- ERMS
- other





















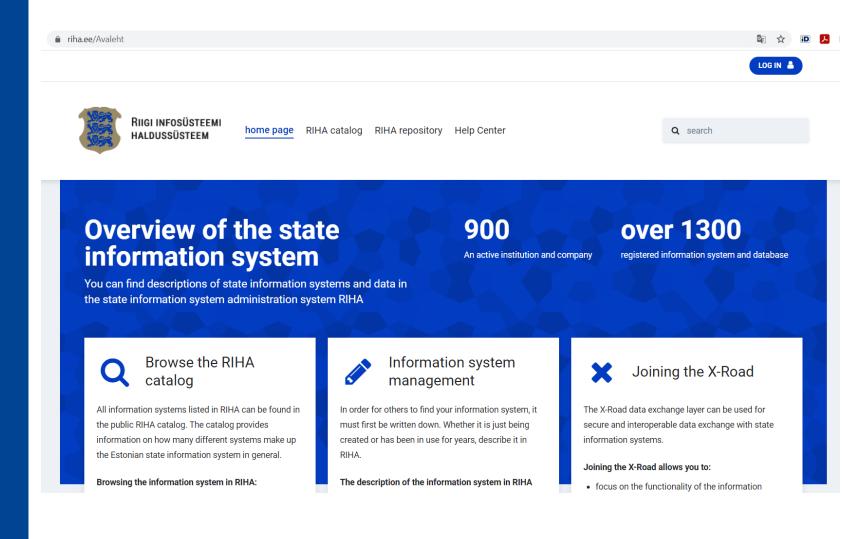
National Archives SIARD scenario

Potentially 1000s on relational databases in the public sector

*About 95% of public records in Estonia assumed to be relational data

100s of databases of archival value

- Need to preserve data and service definitions (i.e. views, queries)
- Need for a simple, standardised preservation format (i.e. SIARD)





DILCIS standardisation effort

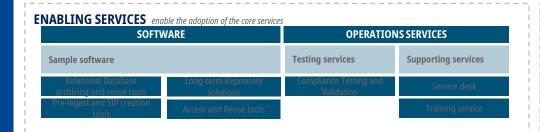
Generic Information Package Specifications

• CSIP, SIP, AIP, DIP

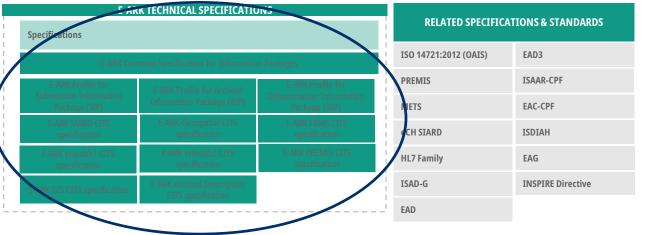
Content Information Type Specifications (CITS)

- SIARD, ERMS, Geodata, eHealth(x2)
- Archival description, PREMIS

Each specification has its own space and team



STAKEHOLDER MANAGEMENT SERVICES	
Stakeholders follow-up	Knowledge Exchange
Stakeholders onboarding	Knowledge Centre
Maturity Assessment Service	Reference Architecture



AUDIENCE CONCERNED BY ALL SERVICES:

Archives

Data Producers

Solution Providers

CORE SERVICES facilitate cross-border/cross-sector technical interoperability among heterogeneous archival information systems



DILCIS standardisation support

Guidelines and procedures for CITS maintenance and development https://www.dilcis.eu/guidelines

Dedicated landing pages for all specifications

https://www.dilcis.eu/content-types/siard

Open reviews
SIARD 2.2 RFC in 10.2020 – 01.2021

GitHub sites for spec development and issue handling https://github.com/DILCISBoard/SIARD

dilcis.eu/about

DILCIS
BOARD

HOME ABOUT → SPECIFICATIONS → CONTENT TYPES → GUIDELINES → REVIEWS → SOFTWARE CONTACT

The Digital Information LifeCycle Interoperability Standards Board

The Digital Information LifeCycle Interoperability Standards Board (DILCIS Board) is an international group of experts committed to maintain and sustain maintain a set of **interoperability specifications** which allow for the **transfer**, **long-term preservation**, and **reuse of digital information** regardless of the origin or type of the information.

More specifically, the DILCIS Board maintains specifications initially developed within the E-ARK Project (02.2014 - 01.2017):

- Common Specification for Information Packages
- E-ARK Submission Information Package (SIP)
- E-ARK Archival Information Package (AIP)
- . E-ARK Dissemination Information Package (DIP)
- SMURF Specification (Semantically Marked-Up Record Format)

The DILCIS Board collaborates closely with the Swiss Federal Archives in regard to the maintenance of the SIARD (Software Independent Archiving of Relational Databases) specification.

The DILCIS Board consists of up to ten international experts who act on a voluntary basis. You can read more about the setup, tasks and responsibilities of the Board here.

The DILCIS Board is supported by the European Commission through the CEF eArchiving Building Block (06.2018 -) and supervised by the DLM Forum.

Latest news

E-ARK publishes updated Content Information Type Specifications, procedures and supporting guidelines

2021-08-31 21:21:42

We are pleased to announce that the E-ARK eArchiving Content Information
Type Specifications,...

Read More ...

Conclusion of 2020 - 2021 specification review

2021-07-23 07:39:10

The DILCIS Board wishes to thank all those who contributed to the reviews of the 25 eArchiving...

Read More ...

5th Call for Reviewers: eArchiving CITS for geospatial data

2021-06-15 07:52:55

We are happy to announce the opening of group 5 of the 2020 - 2021 review cycle of eArchiving



E-ARK and SIARD

* SIARD is maintained in collaboration of DILCIS Board and Swiss Federal Archives

Common work on SIARD since 2017 (v2.0)

More people to work with SIARD = more errors and issues found

SIARD scalability as a special concern for E-ARK members (DNA, NAE)

 SIARD v2.2 includes support for LOBs outside SIARD



SIARD (Software Independent Archiving of Relational Databases)

The SIARD specification is an open file format for the long-term archiving of relational databases in the form of text data based on XML that is packaged in a container file.

If the structure and content of a relational database are translated into the SIARD format, it will subsequently be possible to access and exchange the data in the database in the future, even when the original database software is no longer available or can no longer be run. This long-term interpretability of the database content is based on the use of two widely supported international standards: XML and SQL:2008.

Please note that in addition to the SIARD specification the DILCIS Board maintains the SIARD CITS specification which describes how to package a SIARD file for long-term preservation along with additional representations of the data, metadata, and documentation.

We welcome all feedback in regard to the SIARD specification - if you have any comments or proposals, please contact us per e-mail or leave your comments on GitHub!

Download SIARD

Latest version (v2.2, August 31, 2021)

- SIARD 2.2
- metadata.xsd

Previous versions

SIARD 2.1.1 (May 15, 2019)

SIARD 2.0 (June 1, 2016)

SIARD 1.0 (September 30, 2008)



E-ARK and CITS SIARD

A relational database transfer might include more than just a SIARD snapshot:

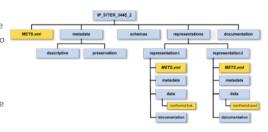
- Original dump (and application)
- Additional metadata (Dublin Core, EAD, ...)
- Documentation
- ...



CITS SIARD

The CITS SIARD (Content Information Type Specification for Relational Databases using SIARD) is a specification that describes how to package and preserve relational database content. This is primarily done by packaging SIARD files into information packages that conform to the Common Specification for Information Packages.

The specification helps you to apply a common way of storing multiple representations of a database (for example a proprietary backup and a SIARD snapshot) in a single package along with appropriate metadata and binary documentation of the dataset.



Download CITS SIARD

Latest version (v1.0.0, August 31, 2021)

- CITS SIARD v1.0.0
- E-ARK-SIARD-ROOT.xml
- E-ARK-SIARD-REPRESENTATION.xml
- Guideline_CITS_SIARD_1_0_0.pdf

We welcome all feedback in regard to the SIARD CITS specification - if you have any comments or proposals, please contact us per e-mail or leave your comments on GitHub!



How many ways are there to archive a database?

SIARD is just one of the options!

SIARD

created

here

The whole archival process is much wider than just creating a snapshot

 Example: to archive the whole database or parts of it, relational data or materialised views / services?

SIARD software (DBPTK, SIARD Suite) behaves differently – which one to choose?

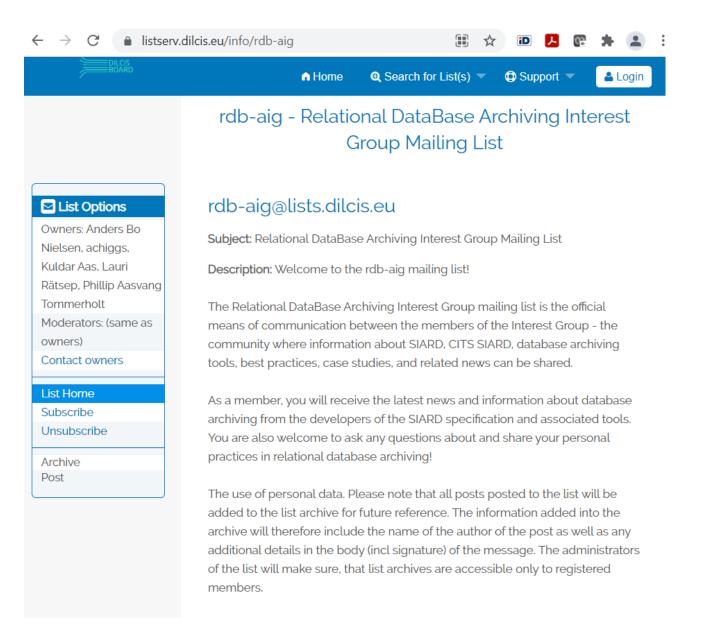
DA andmebaaside spetsialist RA vastutav arhivaar Asutus Digiarhiiv säilitus Andmebaasi Kick-off koosolek RA inimeste vahel andmise teavitu Tehnilise info kogumine ia RA saadab kiria Töökataloogi loomine, dokumentatsiooni kogumine, infolehe Loob FTP konto asutusele Koosolek RA ja andmete omaniku vahel Tõmmise loomine DBPTK paigaldamine ja Ei koguta Digiainese Üleandmise vormingu(te) ja dokumentatsiooni SIARDina vastuvõtujuhis kogumise otsustamine . Гest-SIARDi loomin AB klooni tekitamine Tabelite ja vaadete selektsioon Ametliku tõmmise Tehniline nõustamine: loomine (full + DBPTK paigaldamine ja seadistamine * SIARDi loomisel ainese üleandmisel SIARD valideerimine Kas on Tehniline kont oll ia valideerimine (mc 5, logid) Jah Tõmmiste edastami Sisuline kontroll ja valideerimine FTP kaudu Dokumentatsiooni valideerimine (andmemudel, videod Korras? failid ine) Arhiivikirjelduse moodustamin Arhiivipaketi (AIP) koostamine ia AISi sisestamine Vastuvõtu kinnitamine. Ü/V akti allkirjastamine AIP hoiustamine



How many ways are there to archive a database?

E-ARK thinks it's crucial to share our experiences

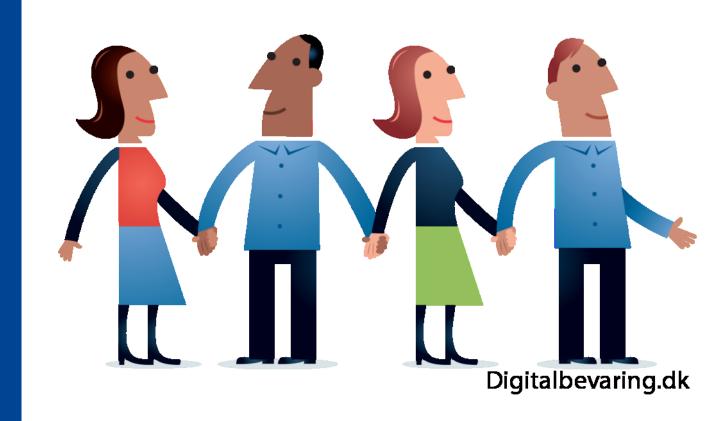
- Relational DataBase Archiving Interest Group (rdb-aig)
- Two case studies written in 2020
- NEW! rdb-aig mailing list https://listserv.dilcis.eu/info/rdb-aig





The future of E-ARK and SIARD and DILCIS

- DILCIS (and E-ARK) mindset is about being open and inclusive!
- DILCIS to support CITS development (as opposed to lead)
 - SIARD and CITS SIARD groups are currently led by DNA and SFA, with contributions by many others
 - Communication MUST be improved → 2021 SIARD v2.2 RFC got a total of three responses..
- SIARD validation and tool confrmance as a serious issue
- rdb-aig mailing list to serve as the birthplace for new ideas!
- E-ARK to lobby with EC for funding





Questions?

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Ready to join DILCIS?

Find out more at:

https://dilcis.eu/content-types/siard

Join the rdb-aig mailing list at: https://listserv.dilcis.eu/info/rdb-aig

